

# The Harvest Of Agression Against Gaza

From December 4th, 2023 until December 9th, 2023



Issued by



**Al Bustan**  
Media  
2023

5

# Table of Content

<b>Content</b>		<b>Page #</b>
<b>Firstly</b>	<b>Harvest of the Week</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Secondly</b>	<b>A graph illustrating the number of martyrs, wounded and missing persons</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Thirdly</b>	<b>Urban Damages</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>Fourthly</b>	<b>Massacres Committed during the Week</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>Fifthly</b>	<b>Gaza Multifaceted Suffering</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>Sixthly</b>	<b>Accumulating Risks</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>Seventhly</b>	<b>Medical Reality</b>	<b>14</b>
<b>Eighthly</b>	<b>The West Bank and Occupied Al-Quds</b>	<b>17</b>
<b>Ninthly</b>	<b>Living testimonies and human solidarity stances</b>	<b>19</b>
<b>Tenthly</b>	<b>Suggested Projects Ideas in Support of Gaza</b>	<b>22</b>
<b>Sources</b>		<b>25</b>

## Firstly: Harvest of the week

The war on Gaza has been ongoing for 64 days, resulting in a multitude of tragedies. The occupation continues to target civilians, resulting in a significant loss of life. Since the start of the aggression in October, there have been 17,700 martyrs and 48,780 wounded. Additionally, 700 Palestinians have been arrested. The situation in Gaza is dire, with all aspects of life collapsing due to aggression, isolation, and blockade. The ICRC spokesman states that the figures do not fully capture the extent of the tragedy. Massacres have increased, and martyrs fall every day, some of them being pulled from under the rubble and others remaining trapped under it in light of the difficult circumstances that the Civil Defense is going through, the non-stop raids and the fuel outages. Gaza is facing a "genocide" war, with no safe areas in the north, south, or center. As if the water crisis, limited aid, and severe restrictions were not enough, Gaza now faces a policy of starvation and thirst, worsening the existing dangers. The Gaza Strip is becoming increasingly lethal, with hidden dangers and looming consequences.

## Electricity

- The Gaza Strip requires a total of 500 megawatts of electricity, but only around 200 megawatts were accessible. Out of this, the occupation provided Gaza with 120 megawatts, while the Gaza power plant generated approximately 65 to 70 megawatts.
- Following the October 7th war, the occupation ceased supplying electricity to Gaza, resulting in an 80% deficit in the electricity sector. Subsequently, the fuel reserves depleted, causing a near-total blackout, and reliance shifted primarily to alternative energy sources, which became the occupation's target.

## Water

(2) Gaza Municipality - (3) Iram News

- The Israeli occupation destroyed 90% of Gaza water wells. Additionally, some of the remaining wells have ceased functioning due to a lack of fuel.
- Presently, the entire Gaza Strip is heavily reliant on only three operational wells, which are operating for a limited number of hours and are at risk of being shut down in the near future.
- Unfortunately, the Gaza municipality lacks the necessary technical expertise and financial resources to revive the wells, particularly since they were initially constructed with international funding.
- As a result, hundreds of thousands of residents and displaced individuals have been enduring a severe water shortage for nearly two months, depriving them of the essential amount of water they require.

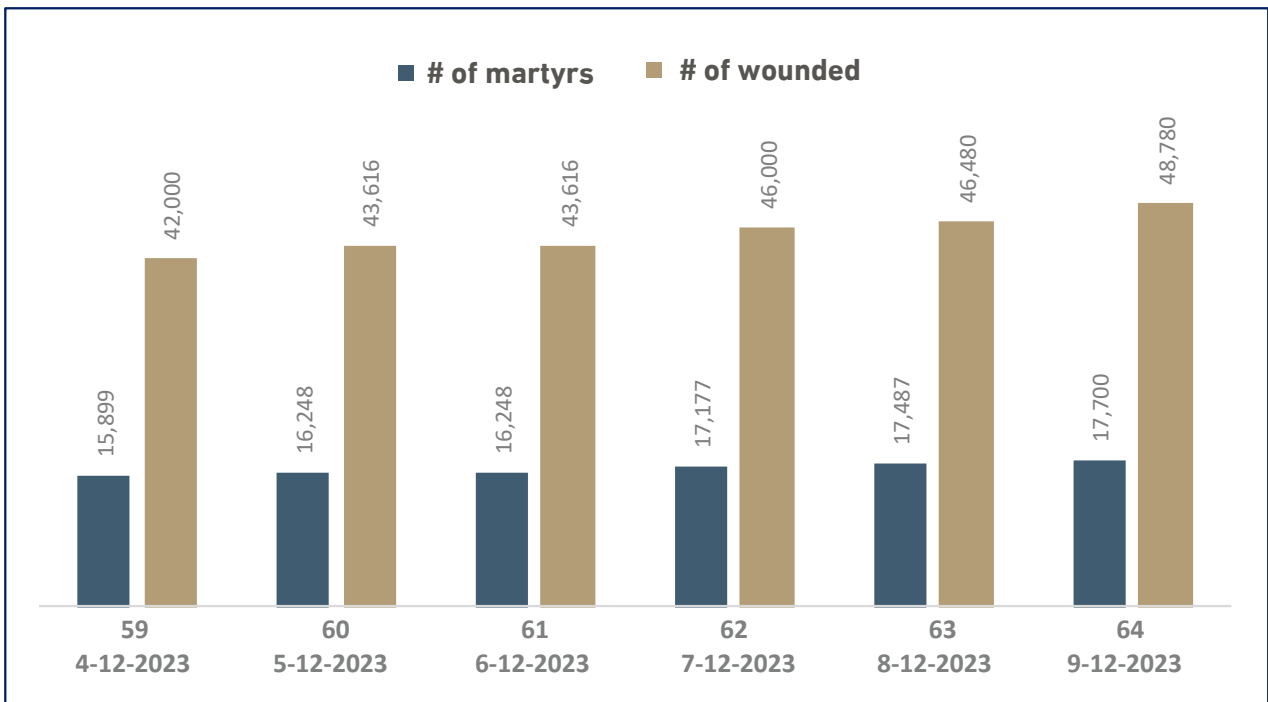
## Food Security (4)

- 1.84 million people in Gaza are food insecure.
- %63 of female-headed households in the Gaza Strip are food insecure.
- Poverty and food insecurity in the Gaza Strip affect %59.4 and %63 of the population respectively.
- 2.2 million people need food assistance.
- Between 83 and 97 percent of families in Gaza do not consume enough food, and about 90 percent of families did not eat for a whole day and night.
- Overlapping nutritional problems: %50 of the individuals who underwent examination were discovered to possess extremely deficient levels of vital minerals and vitamins.
- 9 out of 10 people in the north spent a whole day and a night without food.
- Resuming war hampers the effective distribution of aid, posing a significant threat to the safety of humanitarian workers. This dire situation is catastrophic for the over two million civilians in Gaza, who heavily rely on food assistance for their survival.



## Secondly: A Graph Illustrating the Number of Martyrs, wounded and Missing persons

- Number of martyrs during the days of this week



### Detailed figures:



295 health workers were martyred and hundreds injured. (1)



At least 276 IDPs were martyred at UNRWA facilities and at least 974 were injured. (5)



133 UNRWA staff have been martyred since the beginning of the aggression. (5)



75 journalists and media workers have been martyred since the beginning of the aggression. (1)



32 civil defense staff have been martyred since the beginning of the aggression. (1)



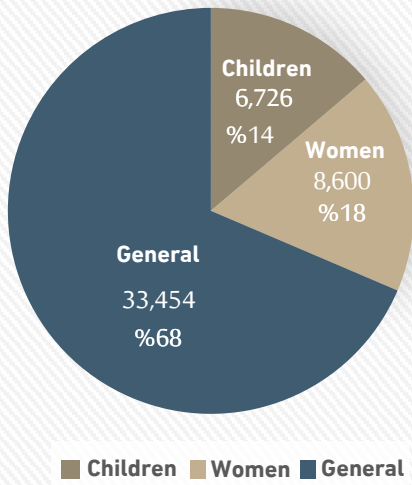
10,022 children lost their parents. (10)



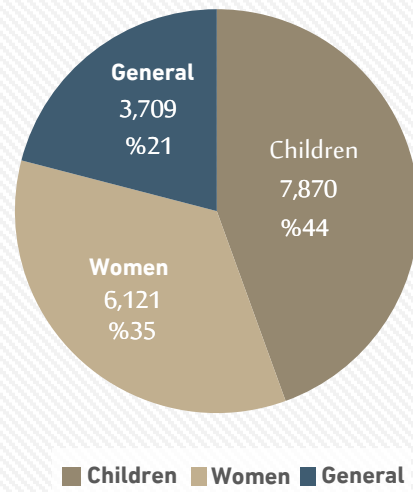
8,352 children lost their mothers. (10)

● Graph illustrating the number of martyrs and wounded children and women

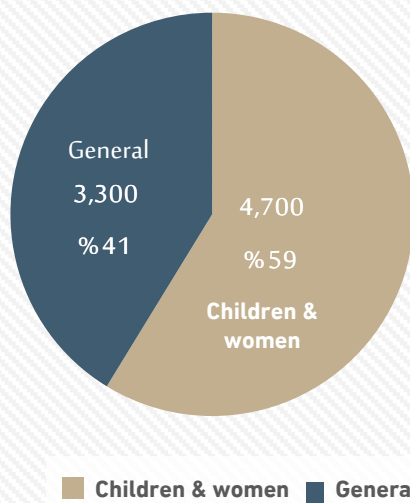
Percentage of wounded women, children and the general population



Percentage of martyrs among women, children and the general

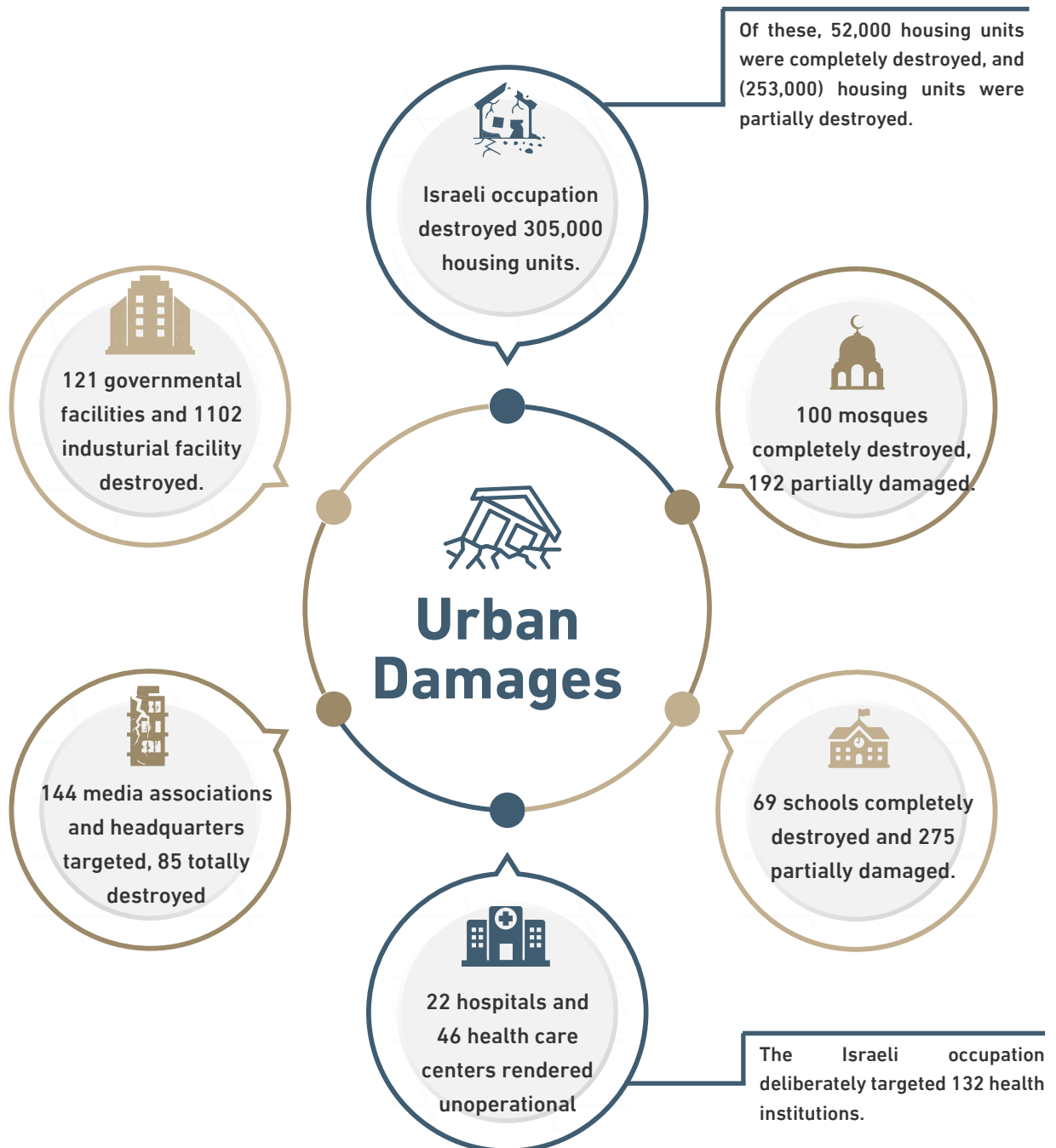


Percentage of missing women, children and the general



## Thirdly: Urban Damages

- During the aggression on Gaza, Israeli aircrafts dropped more than 52,000 tons of explosives on civilian homes, hospitals, schools and civilian institutions. (1)
- More than %61 of homes and housing units in the Gaza Strip were destroyed. (1)



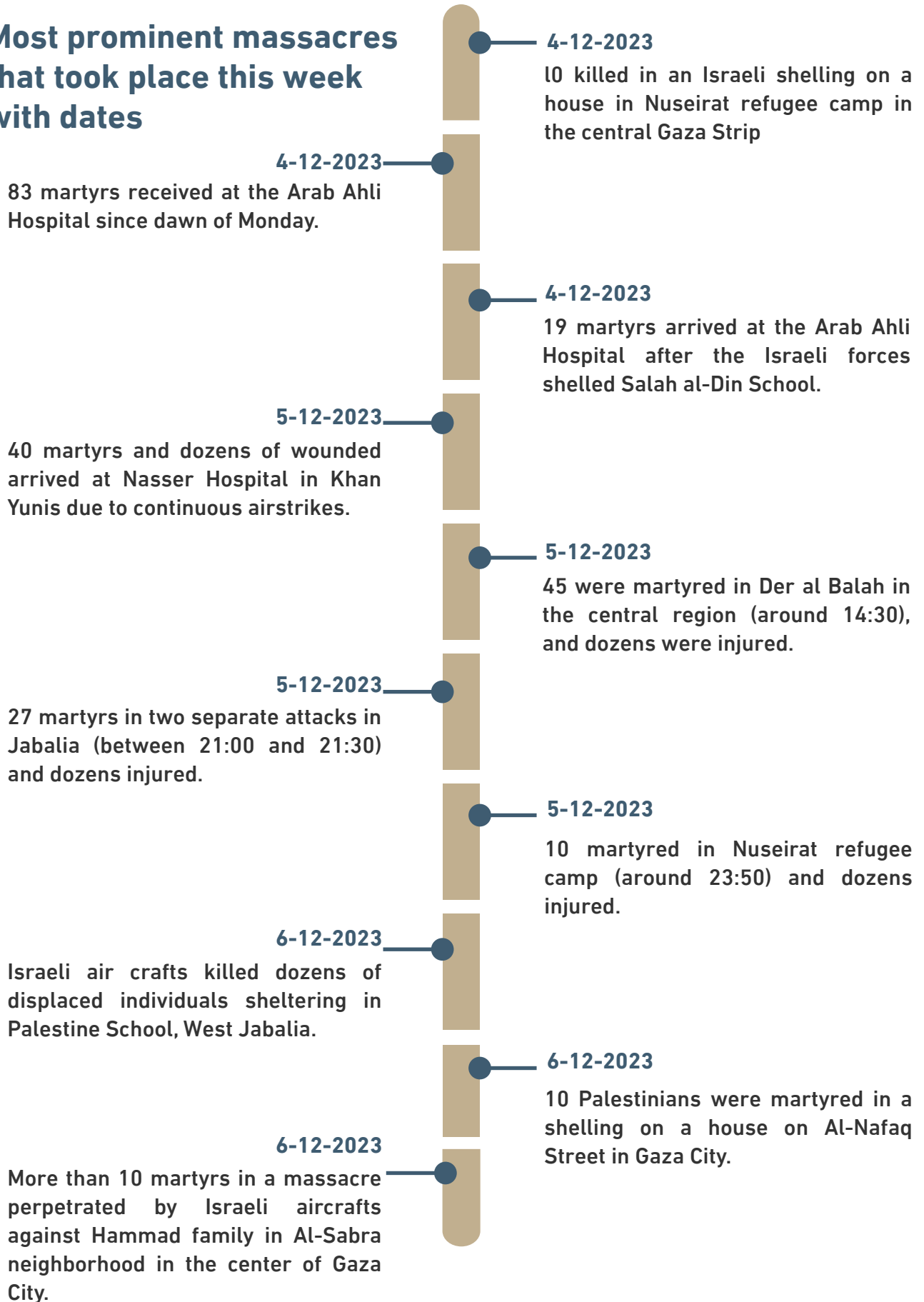
### knowing that:

- %61 of all schools were damaged
- Of the damaged UNRWA facilities, 27 were directly hit and 50 were partially damaged.

## Fourthly: Massacres Committed during the Week

Until December 9th, Israeli forces perpetrated 1570 massacres, including more than 97 massacres committed after the truce.

### Most prominent massacres that took place this week with dates



## Most prominent massacres that took place this week with dates



**8-12-2023**  
Israeli assaults on Khalifa School have resulted in the loss of 10 lives and left 15 individuals injured, eight of them in critical condition.

**8-12-2023**  
Over 20 Palestinians were martyred in an Israeli bombing of Nasser family's resident in the new camp west of Nuseirat.

**8-12-2023**  
13 martyrs and 20 injuries in an Israeli shelling of Hamouda family's house in Khan Yunis.

**9-12-2023**  
36 Palestinians were martyred in a massacre against Abu Eita family in Jabali.

**9-12-2023**  
At least 10 dead as a result an Israeli assault on Abu Mahadi family's house, west Nuseirat Camp.

**9-12-2023**  
10 martyred and dozens injured in the bombing of Othman Tabassi Al-Agha house in the western area of Khan Yunis.



# Fifthly: Gaza Multifaceted Suffering

## Suffering of the displaced

Occupation Attacks on UNRWA Centres	# of UNRWA Centers	# of IDPs in UNRWA centers	Total # of IDPs
129	151	1,200,000	1,900,000

(85% of the population)

- More than one million IDPs live in 94 facilities in the central areas, Khan Younis and Rafah. (5)
- The Capacity of UNRWA shelters is exceeded by more than four times. (5)
- Displaced people in northern Gaza are faced with devastated areas that lack essential resources for survival. (6)
- The displaced population is grappling with devastating effects of famine and epidemics, and the Palestinians are forced to relocate to safer regions in southern Gaza but encountering difficulties in finding secure areas. (6)
- The conditions in Rafah are dire, characterized by severe overcrowding and lack of basic necessities for survival. There is no available space for people to seek shelter, not even in the streets or other open areas. (8)

## Unequipped Shelter (6)

- The healthcare system is on the verge of collapse, as there is a severe shortage of clean drinking water and inadequate sanitation facilities.
- Additionally, malnutrition is prevalent among individuals who are already mentally and physically drained, posing a significant threat to public health due to the looming epidemics.

## Shelters Besieged and Bombed

- The Khalifa bin Zayed School in Beit Lahia, located in the northern Gaza Strip, has been under siege by Israeli forces for a week. This school serves as a refuge for over 3,000 displaced individuals. Unfortunately, the situation has escalated as artillery shells are being fired and snipers are targeting the displaced. Tragically, there have been casualties and injuries within the school, with the wounded succumbing to their injuries due to lack of medical assistance. Moreover, the dire conditions have left the inhabitants without access to food or water, causing children to cry out from the relentless shelling, hunger, and thirst.
- In addition to this, the occupation forces have also targeted crowds of displaced people in the Al-Saha area in Jabalia, Gaza City. Furthermore, they have bombed the Salah Al-Din School, which serves as a shelter for thousands of displaced individuals in western Gaza City.

## Continuous Evacuation

- In various parts of Jabalia, Zeitoun, the Old City of Gaza City, and Shejaiya, the occupation has designated an additional area of approximately 30 square kilometers for immediate evacuation to the shelters located in the west. Around 500,000 people, including an estimated 200,000 displaced individuals, sought refuge in 70 emergency shelters during October. (8)
- The most recent evacuation orders encompass 20% of Khan Younis and the towns to the east, which were previously inhabited by approximately 117,000 and 352,000 people respectively. (9)
- Multiple displacements have subjected many individuals to repeated risks and suffering.
- Families are facing extreme risks as they are compelled to constantly move in search of safety. (5)
- At gunpoint, the occupation forcibly evacuated the displacement areas south of Al-Rimal neighborhood, arresting civilians and subjecting them to violent beatings in front of their spouses, while also stripping them of their clothing.

## The suffering of women and children

### Women

951,490 females were displaced from their homes. (10)

2,784 women became widows. (10)

Pregnant women in northern Gaza cannot access the maternity service at Al-Awda Hospital, resulting in fatal consequences for both the mother and their unborn babies. (1)

Israeli snipers killed and injured pregnant women when they arrived at Kamal Adwan Hospital in the northern Gaza Strip. (7)

### Children

About 170,000 children suffer from pneumonia. (5)

In Gaza, children arrive at hospitals with fractures and their bodies pierced by shrapnel, all while enduring hunger. (7)

Presently, the southern Gaza Strip is witnessing the most severe bombardment since the commencement of the war, resulting in substantial child casualties. (11)

## Sixthly: Accumulating Risks

### Health Risks

- The loss of access to drinking water, toilets, and washing facilities has affected a staggering 2.2 million people. This scarcity of water and lack of proper sanitation has significantly increased the risk of disease transmission, particularly chronic diarrhea, which is a leading cause of child mortality in emergency situations. (11)
- The prevalence of intestinal diseases has quadrupled, while skin diseases have tripled in occurrence. (5)
- The severe shortage of cooking gas has forced people to rely on less clean sources such as burning firewood, wood residues, and waste. This reliance poses a threat to respiratory health, increasing the risk of respiratory diseases. (8)
- The disruption of disease surveillance systems has made it challenging to monitor and track infectious diseases. However, symptom monitoring has indicated an increase in various infectious diseases, including acute respiratory infections, scabies, jaundice, diarrhea, and bloody diarrhea. Additionally, shelters in the southern region have reported cases of acute jaundice syndrome, which is a concerning indicator of hepatitis. (9)
- The recent escalation of the situation has had a profound impact on the psychosocial well-being of children in Gaza. Prior to this escalation, over 500,000 children were already identified as needing mental health and psychosocial support. Now, every child is exposed to traumatic events, including widespread destruction and displacement. Meanwhile, parents and caregivers are experiencing severe mental stress. (11)

### Educational Risks

Over 625,000 students in Gaza Strip have been affected by the Israeli attacks on educational facilities and the subsequent loss of safe learning environments. This jeopardizes their educational achievements and places them at a higher risk of discontinuing their schooling in the foreseeable future. (11)

### Sanitation Hazards (2)

- Gaza City is currently facing a critical situation where low-lying areas are at risk of being submerged due to the overflow of water from sewage plants. This unfortunate circumstance is a result of 7 sewage pumping stations being non-operational, either due to deliberate targeting or a lack of fuel. Consequently, the streets have become flooded with untreated sewage, posing a significant threat to the environment, public health, and the overall well-being of the community.

- The presence of sewage in the streets not only impacts the wells and underground reservoirs but also causes severe damage to the water networks that supply households and shelters for the displaced. Additionally, the suspension of garbage collection services has led to scattered piles of waste in the streets, further endangering public health.

### Risks of Aid Scarcity

- The United Nations' ability to receive incoming aid loads has been significantly disrupted in recent days. (8)
- In Gaza, only the Rafah governorate and neighboring Khan Younis governorate experienced limited aid distributions. Despite providing medical supplies to two hospitals, aid distribution was largely halted due to intensified hostilities. (8)
- The average amount of humanitarian aid received through the Rafah land crossing between the Gaza Strip and Egypt is estimated at 55 trucks per day. This represents only 5 percent of the basic needs of over 2.2 million Palestinians in the small coastal enclave. However, during the days of the temporary truce, the average increased to 170 trucks per day. (2)
- The city is facing the looming threat of famine, with a severe shortage of water and food. The aid that has reached the city through the Rafah crossing is insufficient to meet the needs of its citizens. (2)
- The restrictions on aid delivery to Gaza are not only detrimental to the well-being of its people but also pose a death sentence for children. (11)
- Thousands of people, desperate for food, water, shelter, health, and protection, wait for hours in massive crowds around distribution centers. There are concerns that under these circumstances, there may be a breakdown of law and order. (8)



## Seventhly: Medical Reality

### The reality of Hospitals: Facts and Figures

- The World Health Organization (WHO) has documented 212 attacks on healthcare facilities in Gaza Strip. (8)
- The Israeli occupation targeted 57 ambulances. (1)
- The bed occupancy rate in operating hospitals is far above capacity, at 171%, while the ICU occupancy rate is 221%. (8)
- The Israeli occupation burned the power generators in Kamal Adwan Hospital in northern Gaza. (7)
- More than 800,000 residents of northern Gaza are left with no access to health services. (7)
- 7,000 seriously injured people need urgent surgical intervention. (7)
- More than 100 injured due to incendiary bombs shelling in northern Gaza. (7)
- Painkillers and anesthetics are not available to medical teams at the Shifa complex, making it impossible to perform surgeries.
- The hospitals in the southern Gaza Strip are overwhelmed with the number of wounded patients transferred from the north. (7)
- The hospitals in southern Gaza have reached their capacity and are unable to cope with the large number of wounded individuals, resulting in loss of lives. (1)
- Cancer patients are being deliberately displaced from their treatment places for the second time by the Israeli occupation. (1)
- The operations at the Palestine Red Crescent Society (PRCS) ambulance center in northern Gaza have been suspended due to fuel shortage and the closure of hospitals in the region, making it impossible to evacuate the injured. (8)
- Gaza cannot afford to lose another hospital as the demand for healthcare services continues to increase. (9)
- The remaining hospitals are struggling to operate without sufficient fuel, medicine, food, water, and the necessary protection for health workers.
- The ability of WHO and other partners to provide support is limited due to restricted access to supplies and lack of security guarantees during transportation.
- Approximately 80% of the rescue vehicles have been destroyed by the occupation. (1)



- Out of the 36 hospitals in the Gaza Strip, only 14 are currently operational and capable of accepting new patients. However, even these functioning hospitals are facing limitations in terms of services provided. It is worth noting that only two hospitals are located in the northern region, while the two main hospitals in southern Gaza are operating at three times their capacity. These hospitals in the south are also grappling with severe shortages of essential supplies and fuel. The occupancy rates in the inpatient departments and intensive care units are alarmingly high, reaching 206% and 205% respectively. Moreover, these hospitals are currently providing shelter to thousands of displaced individuals. On December 7th, Al-Awda Hospital in Jabalya, one of the two remaining operational hospitals in the north, was surrounded by Israeli forces and sustained damage due to Israeli shelling. There have also been reports of Israeli snipers targeting the hospital. It is important to note that Kamal Adwan and Al-Awda hospitals in the northern Gaza Strip continue to be besieged by the Israeli occupation. Tragically, two healthcare workers were killed by the occupation snipers at Al-Awda Hospital, and numerous pregnant women who arrived at the hospital for childbirth were either killed or injured. (1)
- The residents in the northern region of Gaza are facing a dire situation, as they are being systematically targeted and killed in their homes and schools. The ongoing siege and lack of access to medical facilities have resulted in wounded individuals being left to die. (1)
- Cancer patients in Gaza are facing a grave injustice as the Israeli occupation deliberately displaces them from their treatment centers. This is the second time that patients and medical staff have been forced to evacuate the Turkish-Palestinian Friendship Hospital due to direct bombardment. They were initially transferred to Dar Al-Salam Hospital in Khan Yunis, but now even that facility has been reached by the occupation forces, putting the lives of patients at risk and forcing them to leave. As a result, these patients are left without any place to seek treatment, leaving them vulnerable to the threat of death. (2)
- The Israeli occupation is still detaining 36 medical personnel in inhumane conditions, including Dr. Muhammad Dr. Abu Salmiya, General Director of Al-Shifa Medical Complex. (1)
- The overcrowding situation at Nasser Hospital in Rafah is dire, with approximately 1,000 injured individuals seeking treatment. (7) The hospital building and floors are alarmingly packed with patients and displaced individuals who are seeking shelter. The emergency area is overwhelmed with patients, while the shortage of health workers is evident given the immense needs. The current health workers are tirelessly working, but they are

the immense needs. The current health workers are tirelessly working, but they are exhausted. Due to the lack of space, many patients are being treated on the ground, surpassing the hospital's bed capacity. Patients and families taking refuge in the hospital are concerned for their safety. (9)

- The suspension of routine vaccinations and the scarcity of medicines to treat communicable diseases have significantly increased the risk of disease transmission. This risk is further amplified by the incomplete coverage of the disease surveillance system, including the limited capabilities for early detection and response. Moreover, the limited internet connectivity and telephone network operation further impede our ability to effectively detect and respond to potential outbreaks. (9)

### Key Needs

- Providing the medical needs and fuel to operate the Shifa Medical Complex, which represents the only hope for the needs of the wounded and sick in northern Gaza and the rest of the hospitals.
- Specialized medical teams particularly orthopedists.
- Bone fixators and treatment of burns.
- Establishing medical points and mobile clinics to care for displaced people in the western areas of Khan Younis and Rafah.
- Provide blood virus testing materials to ensure the validity of blood units and the safety of their transport to the wounded and sick.
- Provide safe humanitarian passage for the entry of large quantities of medical aid and fuel to all hospitals in the Gaza Strip.
- Hospital supplies for reproductive health to facilitate safe childbirth.
- Postpartum kits.



# **Eighthly: The West Bank and Occupied Jerusalem**

## **The West Bank**

- Seventy children have been killed in the last eight weeks, almost double the number of children killed in 2022. (8)-(11)
- Since October 7th, the number of martyrs has increased to 274 due to the wave incursions carried out by the occupying forces.
- Victims of Palestinian shootings endure a higher frequency of injuries to their heads and bodies compared to their extremities. (15)
- The number of arrests since October 7th has risen to 3,700.
- The occupation has imposed even more stringent restrictions in the West Bank, including East Jerusalem, by obstructing roads, erecting concrete barriers and mounds of earth, and establishing mobile checkpoints at intersections. These measures have severely impeded the movement of Palestinians between cities in the West Bank, turning what used to be a one hour journey into a grueling three or four hours.
- There has been an alarming increase in censorship, intimidation, and the unjust criminalization of Palestinian content on social media, resulting in a severe suppression of freedom of expression.
- The Israeli occupation forces have surrounded several hospitals in Jenin, including the government hospital.
- Settlers have unlawfully seized 12 acres of agricultural land located south of Bethlehem.



## Occupied Al-Quds: (12)

- 14 martyrs among them 4 children, along with a Jerusalemite prisoner who was released and deported to the Gaza Strip, have tragically lost their lives. Additionally, the bodies of 34 Jerusalemite martyrs remain detained in refrigerators and cemeteries of numbers.
- The campaign of arrests has involved 286 Jerusalemites, including 16 children and 13 women, across all areas of the Jerusalem governorate.
- Under the protection of heavily armed special occupation forces, 2826 settlers forcefully stormed Al-Aqsa Mosque.
- The occupation authorities have issued 16 house arrest orders against Jerusalemites, and two individuals have been deported from the city.
- A total of 18 demolitions have taken place, including 9 forced self-demolitions, 9 demolitions carried out by the occupation mechanisms, and one razing operation.
- On Saturday, the Israeli occupation authorities distributed evacuation notices to several residents of the Silwan neighborhood, located south of Al-Aqsa Mosque in Jerusalem. They have been given 60 days to vacate their homes.
- The Israeli occupation forces have notified 30 families in Al-Baydoun neighborhood, Silwan town, that they will be displaced from their homes within two months. This displacement is intended to make way for the construction of an aerial tramway. The decision affects a total area of approximately 8725 square meters of real estate and land.



## Ninth: Between stories, vivid testimonies and human solidarity



Hassouna Skafi "I barely got them two small packages of biscuits"

With these words, Hassouna Skafi, a Palestinian resident of Gaza City, encapsulated the challenging quest for basic necessities for his family. Gaza City is currently under the suffocating isolation imposed by the Israeli occupation army, which deprives them of all means of livelihood.

Initially, Hassouna chose to remain in his home in the Shujaiya neighborhood, located in the eastern part of Gaza City. However, due to a devastating massacre carried out by the occupation army through air raids, he was eventually compelled to evacuate with his family. The air raids completely destroyed an entire residential area.

Hassouna, who is married and has a 6-month-old baby girl, along with his mother, two brothers, and other displaced individuals seeking refuge, found shelter in their home in the Shujaiya neighborhood. He explained, "We were a group of 15 people, including 6 children, 5 women, and my disabled uncle. Miraculously, we managed to escape Shujaiya amidst the shelling and air strikes. We ended up staying near the school entrance, as if we were on the streets, until we eventually found shelter in a friend's house in the Al-Sabra neighborhood of the city."

He further added, "The streets are in ruins, and the relentless bombardment from the air, land, and sea has left the city devoid of all aspects of life. Everything has been destroyed, including markets, shops, and water wells." Hassouna emphasized that obtaining a kilogram of flour is considered a matter of survival in their current circumstances. When asked about how his family manages their daily needs, he replied, "Yesterday, our family's meal consisted solely of a few biscuits, which I obtained after great difficulty. Even if meat is available, we lack cooking gas, and firewood is scarce in Gaza."

Hassouna and his family have not had the opportunity to cook food over an open fire since the first week of the war. Their reliance on canned food has also depleted, leaving them dependent on whatever food they can find to alleviate their hunger and sustain their lives.





**"Martyr of hunger. Jana Qdeih A child suffering from cerebral palsy**

Jana Qdeih fought for her life for three agonizing days, surviving solely on water as her frail body succumbed to hunger. Tragically, she met her demise within the confines of a shelter at Taiba public school in Abasan al-Kabira, east of Khan Yunis. Jana's family had sought refuge there after being displaced due to Israeli warnings and relentless airstrikes. On Friday, the -14year-old succumbed to the extreme hunger that plagued her, leaving her family with no choice but to bury her in the schoolyard, surrounded by tanks and subjected to violent air raids from Israeli warplanes. Regrettably, Jana's story is not an isolated incident. The Euro-Mediterranean Human Rights Monitor has documented several cases of children losing their lives to extreme hunger in shelters, particularly in UNRWA schools in the southern Gaza Strip. Jana, who suffered from cerebral palsy, was unable to endure prolonged periods without sustenance, and her family was unable to find any means to protect her during those three harrowing days. Nisreen Qudeih, the aunt of the young martyr, shared, "Throughout those days, Jana survived solely on water. I wish we had access to safe drinking water, but the school, surrounded by tanks, offered no such luxury." Despite the pleas of Jana's family and countless other displaced individuals in the school, human rights organizations and international entities remained unresponsive to their cries for help, leaving them trapped in a cycle of bombardment, siege, and hunger.



## Humanitarian Solidarity

Othman Moqbel, Executive Director of the British Foundation for Humanitarian Action:

The support of British society for the Palestinian cause is extensive, as evidenced by the numerous demonstrations held throughout the country to condemn the Israeli aggression on the Gaza Strip.

- 76% of Britons are in favor of the Palestinian cause.
- 72% of American adults follow the course of the war on Gaza. (13)
- **"End the occupation"**: British actor Khaled Abdullah, who has Egyptian origins, expressed his solidarity with Gaza during a promotional event for his series **"The Crown"** on Netflix.
- Between October 7th and November 24th, a total of 8,371 demonstrations took place in more than 118 countries and territories. Out of these, 87% (over 7,283) were in support of Palestine, while 10% (over 845) were in support of Israel. The remaining 3% (approximately 243) were neutral demonstrations calling for peace. (14)

In European cities and East Asia, demonstrations in solidarity with Gazans have been ongoing for eight consecutive weeks, with demands for an immediate ceasefire

- In London, the capital of the United Kingdom, mass demonstrations were held urging for an immediate ceasefire in the Gaza Strip, following the British government's decision not to support a resolution on this matter in the United Nations Security Council.

- Similarly, in Paris, the capital of France, demonstrations were organized to condemn the ongoing Israeli war on the Gaza Strip.

- In East Asia, thousands of Indonesians in the city of Jakarta in central Java participated in a solidarity march to show their support for Palestinians in the Gaza Strip and the West Bank.



# Tenthly: Suggested Projects Ideas in Support of Gaza

## Project Ideas in Response to the Most Urgent Needs

### Accommodation Sector

- Mattresses and blankets
- Tents for IDPs
- Hygiene Kit

### Health Sector

- Fuel for hospitals and ambulances
- Medicines & Medical Supplies
- Medicines for people with chronic diseases
- Hospital supplies for reproductive health to facilitate safe childbirth
- Essential medicines for children

### General basic needs

- Cash sponsorship for the families of the wounded and martyrs
- Cash assistance to IDPs
- Cash assistance to individuals impacted in the West Bank

### Relief Sector

- Bread and food rations
- Fresh bread and canned food
- flour
- Potable water
- Diesel for municipalities to run water pumping plants
- Fuel for Civil Defense vehicles

Intervention Category	Proposed Projects					
Food Security	Nutritional supplements for children & pregnant women	Cooking gas	Baby milk	Hot meals	Food rations	bread
Protection	Psychological support sessions and activities for children in shelter centers			Psychological support for mothers		
Sanitation - Water & Sanitation	Drinking water for IDPs in shelters and hospitals	Fuel for water wells		Mobile toilets in shelters		
Towards a safer winter	Heating means	Mattresses and blankets	Winter clothing	Plastic tents for IDPs		
Sponsorship	Sponsorship of a female-headed household	Family sponsorship	Orphan sponsorship	Sponsorship of a family having a special needs member		
Health Sector	Medicines for chronic diseases	Fuel for hospitals and ambulances		Postpartum kits		



## Intervention category presently available for submission

## Proposed Projects

<b>Food and Health Security</b>	Home baked bread	Infant formula and diapers	Hot meals	Food parcels	Hygiene Kit
<b>Water and Sanitation</b>	Potable water for IDPs in shelters				
<b>Towards a safer winter</b>	Plastic tents for IDPs			Winter clothing	
<b>Sponsorship</b>	Sponsorship of a female-headed household	Orphan sponsorship	Family sponsorship	Sponsorship of a family having a special needs member	

### Note:

Given the current crisis, it is crucial to emphasize the pioneering and essential significance of relief projects.



## **Sources**

- (1) Government Media Office in Gaza**
- (2) Gaza Municipality**
- (3) Eram News**
- (4) WFP - World Food Programme**
- (5) UNRWA**
- (6) United Nations**
- (7) Ministry of Health in Gaza**
- (8) OCHA**
- (9) WHO**
- (10) UN WOMEN**
- (11) UNICEF**
- (12) Jerusalem Governorate**
- (13) Gallup Research Corporation in America**
- (14) Al - Jazeera**